

Operating instructions

LF 296



Conductivity Monitor

ba75781e03 11/2010

Accuracy when going to press

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Overview 1

1.1 **General features**



Front

Fig. 1-1 LF 296

1	Panel housing
2	Display
3	Operating keys
4	Terminal strips

1.2 Outputs and interfaces

1.2.1 Overview

The monitor has the following outputs and interfaces depending on the instrument version:

Instrument version	Relays	Current outputs	Digital interfaces
LF 296 (standard)		1 x analog output for measured conductivity value	-
LF 296 RT	2 x freely configurable relays	1 additional analog output for the measured temperature value	-
LF 296 RT RS	as RT option	as RT option	1 x RS 485

1.2.2 Freely configurable relay (RT and RT RS option)

Both potential-free K1 and K2 relays of the RT and RT RS instrument versions can be used as follows:

- As a fault indicator if the power fails
- As an indicator relay for a frozen measured value (e.g. when calibrating)
- As a threshold indicator if a specified threshold is undercut or exceeded (main measured value)
- As a control relay with timer function, e.g. for time-controlled sensor cleaning operated by compressed air.

1.2.3 RS 485 digital interface (RT RS option)

The monitor can communicate with other instruments via the RS 485 digital interface of the RS instrument versions.

The following operating modes are possible:

- Master mode (pm mode): Unidirectional mode for the output of measured values. The main and auxiliary measured values are sent. The interface is constantly active in master mode. The data are sent to a data terminal (e.g. PC with terminal software or printer).
- Slave mode (5L mode): Bidirectional mode in the bus network. In this operating mode the monitor ("slave") works together with a control computer ("master") on the master/slave principle. A total of 31 slave devices can be connected to one master in the bus network. All slave devices are addressed by the control computer under their bus address and execute the transferred commands, e.g. sending measured values, calibration data and relay states.

Note

The RS 485 interface that accompanies the RT RS instrument versions is described in detail in a separate manual.

PROFIBUS connection

The monitor can be connected to a PROFIBUS DP network via the RS 485 interface with the PROFIBUS converter PKV 30-DPS that is available as an accessory.

1.3 Nameplate



Fig. 1-2 Nameplate (example)

The nameplate also includes the serial number as well as details of the supply voltage and the installed instrument options. The nameplate is located on the left side of the housing.

Overview

2 Safety instructions

This operating manual contains essential instructions that have to be followed during the commissioning, operation and maintenance of the LF 296 monitor. Thus, it is essential for the operator to read this component operating manual before carrying out any work with the system. Always keep this operating manual available close to the LF 296 monitor.

General safety instructions

Safety instructions in this operating manual are indicated by the warning symbol (triangle) in the left column. The signal word (e.g. "'CAUTION") indicates the severity of the danger:

\bigwedge^{\wedge}

WARNING

indicates instructions that must be followed precisely in order to prevent serious danger to personnel.

CAUTION

indicates instructions that must be followed precisely in order to avoid slight injury to personnel or damage to the instrument or the environment.





Note This symbol indicates instructions that describe special features.

Note

2.1

This symbol indicates cross-references to other documents, e.g. component operating manuals.

Special user qualifications

The following installation activities may only be performed by a gualified electrician:

User qualification

- Connection of the LF 296 monitor to the mains supply.
- Connection of external, mains voltage conducting power circuits to the LF 296 monitor.

2.2 Authorized use

The authorized use of the LF 296 monitor consists solely of stationary measurement in water and wastewater applications, seawater, brackish water and aquacultures. Read the technical specifications in accordance with chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA. Only operation and use according to the instructions in this operating manual is authorized.

Any other use is considered as **unauthorized**. Unauthorized use invalidates any claims with regard to the guarantee.

2.3 General safety instructions

The LF 296 monitor is manufactured and tested in accordance with the relevant guidelines and standards for electronic instruments (see chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA). It left the factory in perfect condition.

Function and The flawless functioning of the LF 296 monitor is only guaranteed if attention is paid to the generally accepted safety measures and the special safety instructions in this operating manual during use.

The flawless functioning and operating safety of the LF 296 monitor is only guaranteed under the ambient conditions specified in chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA.

Safe operation Assuming that risk-free operation is no longer possible, take the LF 296 monitor out of operation and secure it against unintentional operation. Risk-free operation is no longer possible if the LF 296 monitor:

- has been damaged in transport
- has been stored under adverse conditions for a lengthy period of time
- is visibly damaged
- no longer operates as described in this manual.

If in doubt, contact the supplier of the LF 296 monitor.

3 Installation

3.1 Onsite installation: General instructions

The measurement location must meet the environmental conditions specified in chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA.

Panel mounting The monitor is mounted in the panel with the aid of the supplied fixing clamps as follows:



- Insert the monitor without the fixing clamps in the switch panel aperture (92 x 92 mm) from the front.
- 2 On both sides click the fixing clamps on the backmost mushroom-type buttons as shown in the figure on the left side.
- 3 Turn the fixing clamps to the front and click them on the front mushroom-type buttons.
- 4 Tighten the screws of the fixing clamps with a screw driver until the monitor is tightly fixed in the housing.

3.2 Electrical terminal strip

The 2-parts terminal strip of the LF 296 is on the rear panel of the housing.



Fig. 3-1 Terminal strip LF 296 on the rear panel of the housing

Terminal connections	No.	X1	X2
	1	RS 485 A (RS option)	Current output REC1+
	2	RS 485 B (RS option)	Current output REC1-
	3	RS 485 GND (RS option)	Current output REC2+ (RT option)
	4	-	Current output REC2- (RT option)
	5	-	a / Sensor
	6	Relay K1 (RT option)	b / Sensor
	7	Relay K1 (RT option)	c / Sensor
	8	Relay K2 (RT option)	d / Sensor
	9	Relay K2 (RT option)	e / Sensor
	10	N (mains) *	f / Sensor
	11	L1 (mains) *	g / Sensor
	12	-	h / Sensor
	13	-	i / Sensor

* Connection of monitors with 24 V DC supply voltage:

- N = GND

- L1 = +24 V DC

3.3 Electrical connection

3.3.1 General installation instructions

Pay attention to the following points when connecting cable wires to the terminal strip:

- Shorten all the wires to be used to the length required for the installation
- Fit all wires with wire sleeves before connecting to the terminal strip

3.3.2 Line power connection

WARNING

If the power supply is connected incorrectly, it may represent a danger to life from electric shock. Pay attention to the following points during installation:

- The monitor must only be connected by an electrician.
- The monitor must only be connected in a voltage-free condition.
- The power supply must fulfill the specifications given on the nameplate and in chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA.
- A switch or circuit breaker must be provided in the building installation as an interrupt facility for the monitor. The interrupt facility must be
 - installed close to the monitor and easy to reach by the user and
 - marked as an interrupt facility for the monitor.

The correct voltage is given on the nameplate (see section 1.3 NAMEPLATE). In all cases check that the correct mains voltage is present prior to installing the instrument.





3.3.3 Relay contacts and current outputs

WARNING

If external electrical circuits that are subject to the danger of physical contact are incorrectly connected to the relay contacts, there may be a danger of life threatening electric shock. Electrical circuits are regarded to be subject to the danger of physical contact when there are voltages higher than the Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV).

Pay attention to the following points during installation:

- Electrical circuits subject to the danger of physical contact must only be connected by a qualified electrician.
- Electrical circuits subject to the danger of physical contact must only be connected when they are voltage-free.
- Switching voltages and switching currents on the relay contacts must not exceed the values specified in chapter 8 TECHNICAL DATA. Protect electrical circuits against currents that are too high with an electrical fuse.

An overview of the relay and current outputs of the individual instrument versions can be found in section 1.2 OUTPUTS AND INTERFACES. The configuration and parameterization is described in sections 4.4 to 4.5.

3.3.4 RS 485 digital interface (RS option)



Note

The connection of the monitor to other instruments via the RS 485 interface is described in detail in a separate manual that accompanies the RT RS instrument versions.

3.4 Connecting a conductivity measuring cell

3.4.1 Measuring cell types and connection options



Note Ordering information on the respective articles (connection cables, adapters, terminal boxes etc.) is given in chapter 7 ACCESSORIES.

Measuring cell	Connection type	Connection cable/ adapter	See page
TetraCon [®] 700 TetraCon [®] 700 (SW) LRD 01 LRD 325	Connect the conductivity measuring cell to the terminal strip using an adapter	ADA/AMPH-LF	81
TetraCon [®] 325 TetraCon [®] 325/C LR 325/01 LR 325/001	Connect the conductivity measuring cell to the terminal strip using an adapter	ADA/LAB-LF	82
TetraCon [®] DU/T TetraCon [®] DU/TH	Connect the conductivity measuring cell to the terminal strip using a connection cable and an adapter	KKDU 325 + ADA/LAB-LF	82

3.4.2 Measuring cells with 7-pin plug adapter

This section describes the connection of the following conductivity measuring cells:

- TetraCon[®] 700
- TetraCon[®] 700 (SW)
- LRD 01
- LRD 325

Connection The armatures are connected to the terminal strip by means of the ADA/AMPH adapter. Connect the preassembled, open wire ends of the adapter with the terminal strip of the monitor according to the wiring table:



Fig. 3-2 Connection of conductivity measuring cells with plug adapters

3.4.3 Measuring cells with 8-pin plug

This section describes the connection of the following conductivity measuring cells:

- TetraCon[®] 325
- TetraCon[®] 325/C
- LR 325/01
- LR 325/001
- TetraCon[®] DU/T (with KKDU 325 connection cable)
- TetraCon[®] DU/TH (with KKDU 325 connection cable)



Fig. 3-3 Connection of a conductivity measuring cell with 8-pin plug

3.4.4 Cable extension

The EK 170 cable (order no. 108 206) can be used in conjunction with the KI/S terminal box (order no. 108 606) as a cable extension between the conductivity measuring cell and the monitor.

The maximum cable length between the electrode and monitor including the length of the sensor connection cable is 100 m.



Note

The wiring is described in the mounting instructions of the KI/S terminal box.

4 Operation

4.1 Display

Display elements



1	Upper display line: Measured conductivity value, operator guidance
2	Sensor symbol
3	Lower display line: Measured temperature value, operator guidance
4	Status displays, depending on instrument status and operating situation

4.2 Operating keys

The monitor is operated via the following six keys below the display:

Key functions	Кеу	Function
	M	Call up measuring mode <m></m>
	▶ C	Start calibration (only active in measuring mode) <c></c>
		In measuring mode: Display the sensor slope Confirm current selection <enter></enter>
	t	Leave the menu < ESC >
	(Increase the value, scroll upwards in the selection, or navigate one menu level upwards <up></up>
	>	Decrease the value, scroll downwards in the selection, or navigate one menu level downwards <down></down>





Password protection All settings of the parameterization and configuration level can be protected with a three-digit numeric code against unauthorized or unintentional modification.

4.4 Configuration

4.4.1 Call up configuration level

Call up the configuration level from the operating level as follows:

- 1 Press <DOWN>.
- 2 Press <ENTER>.
- **3** The menu for the password prompt appears.

When delivered, no password protection is set up. In this case proceed to the next operating step by pressing **<ENTER>** three times.

If password protection is set up, the password must be entered in order to change settings. Enter the password as follows:

- Set the first (flashing) digit with <UP><DOWN> and confirm with <ENTER>.
- Set the other two digits in the same way.
- 4 After the last digit you reach the parameterization level first.



Π

5 Press <UP> or <DOWN>.

You are now at the starting point of the configuration level. From here you can reach the settings with **<ENTER>** (see section 4.4.2).



Note

If an incorrect password is entered or after pressing the **<ESC>** key during password entry, access to the configuration is only possible in view mode, i.e. settings can be viewed but not changed.

4.4.2 Configuration setting table

General operating instructions The starting point for the settings is the start display of the configuration level (see section 4.4.1):



Swap to the first setting with **<ENTER>**.

Operation:

- All settings of the following setting table are run through step by step.
- Select the desired value from the selection in each case with <**UP**><**DOWN**> and confirm this with <**ENTER**>. After that you reach the next setting.
- Certain settings or choices are only available with specific instrument variants or depend on other preceding configuration settings. Settings that are not available will be skipped.
- After running through all the settings you again reach the starting point of the configuration level. From here change to the operating level with <M> or <ESC> or go to the parameterization level with <UP><DOWN>.
- In view mode you can change to the operating level from any point with <**M**>.

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation (values in bold typeface = values on delivery)				
[n	 100 600 300 10 1 0.1 0.01 	Connected sensor type: 100 TetraCon [®] 700 (SW) 500 TetraCon [®] 600 100 TetraCon [®] 300 10 Cell with cell constant, 10 cm ⁻¹ 1 Cell with cell constant, 1 cm ⁻¹ 2.1 Cell with cell constant, 0.1 cm ⁻¹ 3.1 Cell with cell constant, 0.01 cm ⁻¹ 3.1 Cell with cell constant, 0.1 cm ⁻¹ 3.1 Cell with cell constant, 0.01 cm ⁻¹ 3.1 Cell with cell constant, 0.1 Cell with cell constant, 0.1 Cell with cell const				
CFU	• <i>X</i> • SAL	Conductivity (\mathcal{X}) or salinity (Sal) measuring mode.				

Setting table:

Setting	Selection/Values	E (\	xplan a values	ation in bolc	l typef	ace =	values	s on de	livery)
[m	 Αυξο 1.999 μS/cm 19.99 μS/cm 19.99 μS/cm 1999 μS/cm 1999 μS/cm 1999 μS/cm 1999 mS/cm 1999 mS/cm 199.9 mS/cm 199.9 mS/cm 199.9 mS/cm 199.9 mS/cm 199.9 mS/cm 	M T c s T ra s If u p etwee ng ra	Aeasuri This me conduct elected The set ange lin tarts at tarts at ses the possible n adjus nge:	ing rar inu iter ivity m d. value mit. Th t zero. is sele e meas e resol	nge. m only leasur indica le mea le mea cted, t suring ution.	r appe ing m tes the asurin he mc range	ears if t ode (2 e uppe g rang onitor a e with t setting	the 2) is r meas e alwa utoma the hig , [In)	suring ays atically hest and
	Adjustable				Settin	ig, [n		
	measuring range	700	600	300	10	1	0. 1	0. 1	uR-
	Auto	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	0 1,999 µS/cm							x	x
	0 19.99 µS/cm						x	x	x
	0 199.9 µS/cm	X	x	x		x	x	x	x
	0 1999 µS/cm	X	x	x		x	x		x
	0 19.99 mS/cm	X	x	x		x			x
	0 199.9 mS/cm	X	x	x	x	x			x
	0 1000 mS/cm				x				x
[r	●	C (r A Ic C	Dperatin measur After co vith <ei< b=""> ower fir Dperatin - The s uppe - Press</ei<>	ng moo red co nfirmir NTER: nal valing ng noto setting setting s 1x <	de of t nducti ng the > you ue. es: is can value ENTE (con	he RE vity va rE[(; can ac rried c -> lov R > in tinues	C 1 cu alue). X or S dapt th out in th ver fina betwe	al) sel e uppo ne ord al valu en. e next	output ection er and er: e page)

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation (values in bold typeface = values on delivery				
[-		The following settings are possible:				
(continued)		Upper final value: Lower final value: (fixed range)	0,000 μS/cm 1.999 μS/cm			
		$\mathscr{X}_{.}$ Measuring range (),00 19,99 µS/cm:			
		Upper final value: Lower final value: Minimum spacing: (step size 1 µS/cm)	2.00 19.99 μS/cm 0.00 15.00 μS/cm 2 μS/cm			
		$\mathscr{X}_{.}$ Measuring range ().0 199.9 µS/cm:			
		Upper final value: Lower final value: Minimum spacing:	20.0 199.9 μS/cm 0.0 150.0 μS/cm 20 μS/cm			
		(step size 10 µS/cm)	10000/am			
		Δ <u>. Weasuring range C</u> Upper final value: Lower final value: Minimum spacing: (step size 100 μS/cm)	<u>500 1999 μS/cm:</u> 500 1999 μS/cm 0 1500 μS/cm 500 μS/cm			
		\mathscr{X} , Measuring range 0.00 19.99 mS/cm:				
		Upper final value: Lower final value: Minimum spacing:	5.00 19.99 mS/cm 0.00 14.99 mS/cm 5 mS/cm			
		(step size 1 mS/cm)				
		(contir	nues on the next page)			

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation (values in bold typefac	e = values on delivery)
(r		X. Measuring range 0 or Auto :	0.0 199.9 mS/cm_
(continued)		Upper final value: Lower final value: Minimum spacing: (step size 10 mS/cm) <u>Sal, measuring range</u> Upper final value: Lower final value: Minimum spacing: (step size 5) <u>Note:</u> If a measuring ra	50.0 199.9 mS/cm 0.0 149.9 mS/cm 50 mS/cm <u>0.0 70.0:</u> 10 70 0 10
		signal of 20.5 mA. The automatically returns t after the violation of th has ended.	e analog outputs to the selected range te measuring range
C-2 (only with RT and RT RS option)	• F£E °C	Measured value range output (temperature va After confirming the ENTER > you can ad lower final value. Operating notes: - The setting is carrie upper final value -> - Press 1x ENTER > The following settings <u>Sensor type 700, 600</u> Upper final value:	e of the REC 2 analog alue). EE (°C) selection with apt the upper and ed out in the order: lower final value in between. are possible: or 300: 15 50 60 °C
		Minimum spacing:	-5 0 40°C 20 °C
		(contir	nues on the next page)

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation (values in bold typeface = values on delivery)
[rਟੋ (continued)	● FEE °C	Other sensor types:Upper final value:15 50 130 °CLower final value:-5 0 110°CMinimum spacing:20 °C(step size 1 °C)Note:If the range is exceeded, the recorders output a constant value of 20.5 mA (LFL display). The instrument automatically returns to the defined recorder range when the value is within the range again.
Crc REL 1/2 (only with RT and RT RS option)	 nF PS FrC ULLL CS 	Functions of the freely configurable relays REL 1 and REL 2. The configuration of these relays is described in detail in section 4.6.1. The REL 1 or REL2 status display shows for which relay the setting has just been made. Neither relay has a function when it is delivered (nF).
CrF REL 1/2 (only with RT and RT RS option)	• 0 • C	Switching behavior of the freely configurable relays REL 1 and REL 2. "O" (open) = normally closed contact "C" (closed) = normally open contact The switching behavior indicates the state of the switching contact for an active relay. This setting only appears if the limit value control (Line L) function and frozen measured value (Fric) are set for the relay. The REL 1 or REL2 status display shows for which relay the setting has just been made.

4.5 Parameterization

4.5.1 Calling up the parameterization level

Call up the parameterization level from the operating level as follows:

Press <DOWN>.
 Press <ENTER>.



3 The menu for the password prompt appears.

When delivered, no password protection is set up. In this case proceed to the next operating step by pressing **<ENTER>** three times.

If password protection is set up, the password must be entered in order to change settings. Enter the password as follows:

- Set the first (flashing) digit with <UP><DOWN> and confirm with <ENTER>.
- Set the other two digits in the same way.
- 4 After the last digit you reach the starting point of the parameterization level. From here you can reach the settings with <ENTER> (see section 4.5.2).



i

Note

If an incorrect password is entered or after pressing the **<ESC>** key during password entry, access to the parameterization is only possible in view mode, i.e. settings can be viewed but not changed.

Overview of the settings

(main level)

		Instrument version		
Display	Display Description		RT	RT RS
Pr (Current output 1	х	x	х
6-5	Current output 2		x	x
PL	Relay limits ¹⁾		x	x
P #F	RS 485 interface			x
624	Password protection	х	x	x
PE	Temperature balancing	х	x	x
Ptr	Reference temperature ²⁾	х	x	x
PEF	Temperature compensation ²⁾	х	x	x
PES	Timer function		х	x

4.5.2 Setting table of parameterization

x Menu appears for the corresponding instrument variant

¹⁾ For relays that are configured as limit indicators

²⁾ Menu only appears if the conductivity (\mathcal{X}) measuring mode is selected

General operating instructions

The starting point for the settings is the start display of the parameterization level (see section 4.5.1):



Switch to the first setting of the main level with **<ENTER>**.

Operation:

- Navigate in the main level to the next or previous setting with <UP><DOWN>. The entry level with further settings is reached by subsequently pressing <ENTER>.
- In the entry level select the desired value from the selection in each case with <UP><DOWN> and confirm this with <ENTER>. This puts the setting into effect and you go to the next setting or return to the main level.
- Certain settings or choices depend on the instrument variant or specific configuration settings. Settings that are not available will be

skipped.

- From any point of the main level press **<ESC**> to return to the starting point of the parameterization level. From here change to the operating level with **<M**> or **<ESC**> or to the configuration level with **<UP><DOWN>**.
- From any point of the main level press <**M**> to also go directly to the operating level.
- In view mode you can change to the operating level from any point with <**M**>.

Setting table:

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation (values in bold typeface = values on delivery)
Ρ- I	• 4:20 • 0:20 or d #0. I d #20	Current range and attenuation of the REC 1 current output in FEL operating mode (analog output). Operating notes: - The setting is carried out in the order: current range -> attenuation - Press 1x <enter></enter> in between. The following values can be set: • Current range: - 4 to 20 mA, or - 0 to 20 mA • "dl" = attenuation dl/dt (in mA/s): - 0.1 - 1 - 5 - 20 Attenuation is the change speed of the current signal in the case of erratic
		changes of the input signal.
우금 (only with RT and RT RS option)	• 4:20 • 0:20 or d #0. 1 d #20	Current range and attenuation of the REC 2 current output in FCL operating mode (analog output). For setting possibilities, see PFI (FEL operating mode).

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation (values in bold typeface = values on delivery)
	(depending on the configuration)	Settings for the REL 1 and REL 2 relays configured as limit indicators. The parameterization of the limit indicator is
co		described in detail in section 4.6.
(only with RT and RT RS option)		The REL 1 or REL2 status display shows for which relay the setting has just been made.
P #	(depending on master/slave	Interface parameter (Baud rate, address etc.).
(only with RT RS option)	operating mode)	The parameterization of the RS 485 interface is described in a separate manual that is included in the scope of delivery of the instrument variant with RS 485 interface (RT RS option).
953	000 999	Password against unintentional changes of configuration and parameterization.
		000 = password protection is deactivated (state on delivery)
		Operating note:
		 Set the first (flashing) digit with <up><down> and confirm with</down></up> <enter>.</enter>
		 Set the other digits in the same way.
		<u>Notes:</u> After setting up password protection the instrument can only be configured and parameterized after entry of the correct password. The password "555" is not permissible.

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation (values in bold typeface = values on delivery)
PE	-0.5 0.5 ∘c	Comparison of the measured temperature value against a reference thermometer. <u>Notes:</u> – Due to the thermal capacity of the sensor, it is necessary to place it in a container with at least 2 litera of water.
		 with at least 2 liters of water. Leave the sensor and reference thermometer in the vessel for at least 15 minutes (in the case of temperature differences of more than 10 °C for at least one hour) with occasional stirring so that the temperatures equalize. Carry out the balancing: Press <enter>.</enter>
		shows the correction value.
Per	0°C ℃	Reference temperature for the conductivity measurement. This menu item only appears if the conductivity measuring mode (\mathcal{X}) is selected.

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation (values in bold typeface = values on delivery)
թբբ	nlf 0.50 3.00 %/k	Temperature compensation and temperature function.
		This menu item only appears if the conductivity measuring mode (\mathcal{X}) is selected.
		The following settings are possible:
		 nLF: Temperature compensation using nonlinear temperature function
		 0.50 3.00 %/K: Temperature compensation using linear temperature function with adjustable temperature coefficients.
		 : No temperature compensation
		Operating note:
		Pressing the <up><down></down></up> runs through all options as follows:
		[∖] nLF ∕_3.00 %/K
		0.50 %/K
		Iinear V
רב די REL 1/ לכ	(depending on the configuration)	Timer settings for relays that are configured as control relays for a sensor cleaning system.
ζh		The timer settings are described in detail in section 4.6.
(only with RT and RT RS option)		The REL 1 or REL2 status display shows for which relay the setting has just been made.

4.6 Freely configurable relays (RT and RT RS option)

4.6.1 Configuration

Relay functions The two potential-free relays of the RT and RT RS instrument variants can be freely configured.

The following functions are possible:

Note



The relay functions are selected in the configuration level under the setting $L \subset C$ (see section 4.4.2).

Function	Description
ท [ุ] F (no function)	Relay has no function
P5 (Power Supply)	Monitoring the mains voltage. The relay contact is closed when mains voltage is applied and opens if there is a power failure.
FrE (Freeze)	The relay is active when the measured value is frozen, e.g. during a calibration. The relays can be configured as normally closed or normally open.
ULLL (Limits) UL X / Sal LL X / Sal UL °C LL °C	The relay can be set as an upper or lower limit indicator for both the conductivity/ salinity value as well as for the measured temperature value. It becomes active if a specified limit is exceeded or undercut. The relays can be configured as normally closed or normally open. A limit indicator is set as follows:
	– Press <enter>.</enter>
	 Select the desired option with <up><down> and then press</down></up> <enter>. Note what appears on the display:</enter> UL = upper limit UL = lower limit X / Sal = conductivity or salinity °C = measured temperature value
	The specification of the limits and other parameterization of the relay is described in section 4.6.2.

Function	Description
년 (Cleaning System)	The relay controls an external sensor cleaning unit. The relay works as a closer (i.e. normally open). During the cleaning process the measured value is frozen.
	The parameterization of the relay is described in section 4.6.3.

Switching behavior (normally closed/open)

The relay can be configured as normally closed or open for the functions FFL (Freeze) and LLL (limits). The relay works as normally open for all other functions.



Note

The switching behavior is set in the configuration level (section 4.4.2).

4.6.2 Limit indicator

Basics With a limit indicator, a relay switches when a specified limiting value is exceeded or undercut. The switching contact opens or closes according to the selected switching behavior.

Limit indicators can be used in the following way:

- Monitoring a limiting value using a relay: When a limiting value (upper or lower limiting value) is exceeded or undercut, a relay switches.
- Monitoring two limiting values using two relays: If the upper limiting value is exceeded or undercut, a relay switches and, if the lower limiting value is exceeded or undercut, another relay switches.



Fig. 4-2 Switching points of relays working as limit indicators

0	The selected limit value (UL/LL) is exceeded/undercut.
۲	The hysteresis HS that was set for the limit value is exceeded/ undercut. The switching delay td for the limit value is started.
•	If the limit value including the hysteresis is still exceeded/ undercut and the switching delay for the limit value has expired the relay switches.

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation
UL or LL	Any within the measurement range	Upper or lower limit. Setting tolerance according to the measured value display. Operating note: - Set the first (flashing) digit with < UP >< DOWN > and confirm with < ENTER >. - Set the other digits in the same way.
ΗS	0 to 10 % of the measuring range	 Hysteresis. Difference between switching point and limit value, if the measured value moves away from the limit value. Operating note: Set the first (flashing) digit with UP><down> and confirm with </down> ENTER>. Set the other digits in the same way.
59	00:00 59:59	 Switching delay (in Min:Sec). The time period for which the limit value including the hysteresis must be exceeded before the relay switches. Operating note: Set the seconds (right flashing digits) with <up><down> and confirm with <enter>.</enter></down></up> Then set the minutes (left flashing digits) with <up><down> and confirm with <enter>.</enter></down></up>

Setting table for limit indicators:



Note Hysteresis and switching delay prevent frequent switching for measured values that are close to the limit value.

4.6.3 Timer for external sensor cleaning system

Function The cleaning function enables the timing of a sensor cleaning system through one relay of the monitor. The relay always works as a closer (normally open).

Setting table for sensor cleaning:

Setting	Selection/Values	Explanation
br	1 168 (hours)	Time interval between two cleaning processes
եշ	10 300 (seconds)	Duration of the cleaning process. During the cleaning process the measured value is frozen.
էհ	IO 900 (seconds)	Time for adapting the sensor to the measured medium after the cleaning process. During the adaptation period the measured value is frozen.
		Operating notes on setting the numerical values:
		 Set the first (flashing) digit with <up><down> and confirm with</down></up> <enter>.</enter>
		 Set the other digits in the same way.
		 After the last digit you reach the next setting
		 After entry of all three values the setting of the sensor cleaning is complete
1	Note No checking/adjustmen cleaning process (CC) a	t of the cell constant is possible during the adjustment duration (다). If a cleaning

No checking/adjustment of the cell constant is possible during the cleaning process ($\Box \Box$) and the adjustment duration ($\Box \Box$). If a cleaning process is due during an ongoing checking/adjustment routine, the start is delayed until the routine has ended. The starting time of all subsequent cleaning processes is moved back according to the delay.

4.6.4 Display of the relay states in the operating level

For an active relay the REL 1 or REL 2 status display appears in the operating level. Depending on the selected switching behavior the relay contact is either open or closed.



Fig. 4-3 Display of the relay states in the operating mode

4.7 Checking/Setting the cell constant

Normally the cell constant specified by the manufacturer is given in the delivery documentation or the relevant labeling on the sensor.



Note

For conductivity measuring cells with the cell constants, 1 cm⁻¹, 0.1 cm⁻¹ and 0.01 cm⁻¹ (see configuration, setting \overline{L} in), the cell constant cannot be changed.

Why check/set the cell constant? Over time the characteristics of the cell change slightly, e.g. due to sediments. This results in an inexact measured value being displayed. The original characteristics of the cell can often be restored just by cleaning the cell. In the process described below the current cell constant is determined, stored in the monitor and used for all future measurements.

Setting range The setting range for the cell constant depends on the sensor type (see configuration, setting $\lfloor l_n$):

Sensor type	Setting range	
700	0.090 1.500 cm ⁻¹	
600	0.090 1.500 cm ⁻¹	
300	0.090 1.500 cm ⁻¹	
ΰ	5.00 15.00 cm ⁻¹	
0. 1	(no setting possible)	
0.0 (
<u></u>	0.090 1.500 cm ⁻¹	

ProcessIn order to determine the cell constant, the conductivity measuring cell
is immersed in a conductivity standard (0.01 mol/l potassium chloride
solution). The reference temperature is automatically set to 25 °C. At
this temperature the control standard has a conductivity of 1413 μS/cm.
If there is any deviation, the measured value can be matched to the set
value by varying the cell constant.



Note

Only immerse the conductivity measuring cell in the control standard when it is in a clean and virtually dry condition. Impurities or water alter the conductivity of the control standard. Only use the control standard once.

Checking/Setting routine



1 In the measured value display: Press <**C**>.

<u>Note:</u> The states of all relays and current outputs linked with the measured conductivity value are frozen during the checking/setting routine.

2 Immerse the conductivity measuring cell in the control standard.

The following values are shown on the display:

- Upper line: The measured conductivity of the control standard
- Lower line: The selected cell constant
- 3 If the measured conductivity deviates from the set value (= 1413 μ S/cm), the cell constant can be changed until the set value or the nearest possible value is displayed (1 digit of the cell constant roughly corresponds to a little more than 1 μ S/cm) with **<UP><DOWN>**.
- 4 Put the conductivity measuring cell back into the measuring position.
- 5 Press <ENTER> or <M>.

The display switches to the normal measured value display.

The states of all relays and current outputs linked with the measured conductivity value again follow the measured value.



Invalid setting With the 300, 500 and 300 sensor types, the entry is invalid if the value deviates from the nominal cell constant by more than ± 10 %:

Sensor type	Validity range
700	0.826 1.008 cm ⁻¹ (0.917 cm ⁻¹ ±10 %)
600	0.826 1.008 cm ⁻¹ (0.917 cm ⁻¹ ±10 %)
300	0.549 0.669 cm ⁻¹ (0.609 cm ⁻¹ ±10 %)

If the validity range is left, this is already visible from the flashing sensor symbol during the setting process:



Measurement is not possible with an invalid setting. After swapping to the measured value display the sensor symbol and an invalid measured value are displayed ("----"). The states of all relays and current outputs linked with the measured conductivity value remain frozen.

Remedial measures:

- Clean the measuring cell (see measuring cell operating manual)
- Check the conductivity control standard and renew if necessary
- Then repeat the checking/setting routine.

If these measures are not successful or cannot be carried out and a further measurement is still required, the checking/setting routine can be repeated and a valid value selected for the cell constant. However note that the subsequent measured values contain a larger measuring error and the measuring system no longer meets the stated specifications.

4.8 Display of instrument information

The following information can be called up:

- Configuration data. For this, switch to the configuration level. Press <ESC> during the password prompt to view all settings in view mode (see section 4.4.1 CALL UP CONFIGURATION LEVEL).
- Parameterization data. For this, switch to the parameterization level. Press **<ESC>** during the password prompt to view all settings in view mode (see section 4.5.1 CALLING UP THE PARAMETERIZATION LEVEL).
- Cell constant
- Process for temperature compensation
- Software version

Viewing the cell constant and software version To call up the selected cell constant, press **<ENTER>** in the measured value view (operating level)



The set process for temperature compensation is also displayed in the second display line:

- nLF: Temperature compensation using nonlinear temperature function
- (numeric value) %/K: Temperature compensation using nonlinear temperature function with the specified temperature coefficients.
- ----: No temperature compensation

Swap to the display of the software version (So) with <UP><DOWN>:



Return to the measured value display with <M>.

4.9 Test mode

General information

Test mode can be used for the following purposes:

- Set specific current values on the current outputs for test purposes
- Switch the relays on and off for test purposes (RT and RT RS option)
- Check the RS 485 communication (RT RS option)

Test procedure



1 Keep <**ESC**> pressed and briefly press <**UP**> at the same time.

<u>Note:</u> To leave the test mode again at any time, press $\leq M \geq$ or $\leq C \geq$.

2 Press <ENTER>.

6 o J 123

The set password is displayed ("000" = password protection deactivated).

3 Proceed to the next test item with **<ENTER>**.

Test of current output 1.



r 8 C

4 Press <ENTER>.

A fixed current value can be set on current output 1 here:

- Set 0.1 mA with <M>
- Set 20.0 mA with <C>
- Increase or decrease the value as necessary (adjustment range 0.0 to 20.5 mA) with <UP><DOWN>
- 5 Proceed to the next test item with **<ENTER>**.





Test of current output 2 (only for RT and RT RS option).

6 Press <ENTER>.

Here a fixed current value can be set on current output 2:

- Set 0.1 mA with <M>
- Set 20.0 mA with <C>
- Increase or decrease the value as necessary (adjustment range 0.0 to 20.5 mA) with <UP><DOWN>
- 7 Proceed to the next test item with **<ENTER>**.

Test the relays (only with RT and RT RS option).

8 Press <ENTER>.

The LSL display flashes. Now individual relays can be manually switched on and off:

- Switch relay 1 on/off with <ESC>
- Switch relay 1 on/off with <UP>
- 9 Proceed to the next test item with **<ENTER>**.

Test of the RS 485 communication (RT RS option).

10 Press <ENTER>.









Test of current output 2 (only for RT and RT RS option).

6 Press <ENTER>.

Here a fixed current value can be set on current output 2:

- Set 0.1 mA with <M>
- Set 20.0 mA with <C>
- Increase or decrease the value as necessary (adjustment range 0.0 to 20.5 mA) with <UP><DOWN>
- 7 Proceed to the next test item with **<ENTER>**.

Test the relays (only with RT and RT RS option).

8 Press <ENTER>.

The the display flashes. Now individual relays can be manually switched on and off:

- Switch relay 1 on/off with <ESC>
- Switch relay 1 on/off with <UP>
- 9 Proceed to the next test item with **<ENTER>**.

Test of the RS 485 communication (RT RS option).

10 Press <ENTER>.





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485

ba75781e03



The $L_{5}L$ display flashes. The RS 485 communication test is active.

The RS 485 interface works as a repeater, i.e. all received blocks are sent back again.

Special commands:

- The monitor sends the instrument identification according to the RS command "RSID" <u>with</u> RS 485 protocol with <**ESC**>
- The monitor sends the instrument identification according to the RS command RSID" <u>without</u> RS 485 protocol (e.g. for printer output) with
 <UP>
- Terminate the test with
 ENTER>.
- 11 Return to the operating level with <M>.

5 Maintenance and cleaning

5.1 Maintenance

The measurement instrument is maintenance free.

5.2 Cleaning

Occasionally wipe the outside of the measuring instrument with a soft, damp cloth.



CAUTION

Do not use high-pressure water blasters for cleaning (danger of water penetration!). Also do not use aggressive cleaning agents such as alcohol, organic solvents or chemical detergents. These types of cleaning agent can attack the surface of the housing.

6 What to do if ...

The conductivity	Cause	Remedy
be activated	 Contact problems 	 Check the connections of the conductivity measuring cell
Display ^{DFL}	Cause	Remedy
	 The measured conductivity or temperature value is outside the measuring range 	 Check the measurement conditions
The cell constant is	Cause	Remedy
outside the valid lange	- Conductivity mossuring coll	 Clean conductivity measuring

 Conductivity measuring cell soiled 	 Clean conductivity measuring cell acc. to operating manual
 Control standard soiled 	 Use new control standard Only immerse clean and virtually dry conductivity measuring cell in the control standard Note: Only ever use the control standard once
 Fluctuating temperature measured values 	 Ensure stable temperatures

The measurement provides implausible measured values	Cause	Remedy
	 Contact problems 	 Check the electrode connections
	 Conductivity measuring cell soiled 	 Clean conductivity measuring cell acc. to operating manual
	 Air trapped in the vicinity of the measuring cell electrode 	 Ensure a measuring environment free of air bubbles
	 Incorrect temperature compensation 	 Use the linear temperature function to check/correct compensation temperature during compensation

	Cause	Remedy
	 Incorrect reference temperature set 	 Correct set reference temperature
The current output	Cause	Remedy
delivers no current	 When wiring with the flow control its switching threshold 	 Check the current output in test mode (see section 4.9).
	was undercut	 Reset the flow-through
	Cause	Remedy
ΠΟΓΟ	 Hardware error 	 Contact WTW



use	Remedy
Hardware error	 Contact WTW



Note

More possible errors and their remedies are given in the operating manual of the conductivity measuring cell.

Sensor adapter	Description	Model	Order no.
	Adapter	ADA/AMPH-LF	303 215
	Adapter	ADA/AMPH-LAB-LF	303 212
	Adapter	ADA/LAB-LF	303 216
	Connection cable	KKDU 325	301 963

Cable and terminal box for cable extension

Description	Model	Order no.
Cable	EK/170	108 206
Passive terminal box	KI/S	108 606



Note

More accessories are available in the WTW catalog or on the Internet under www.WTW.com.

8 Technical data

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8.1 General data

LF 296

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Dimensions

Front view:

96

Rear view:

/ľ

Mounting aperture for panel installation: 92 (+0.8) x 92 (+0.8)



Fig. 8-1 Dimension drawing of the LF 296 (dimensions in mm)

Test certificates CE

Mechanical	Housing material	Glass fiber reinforce	d PPE/PS
construction	Membrane keyboard	Polyester	
	Weight	approx. 1.1 kg	
	Type of protection	IP 54 (housing front)	
Ambient conditions	Temperature		
	Operation	-25 °C +55 °C (-13	3 131 °F)
	Storage	-25 °C +65 °C (-13	3 149 °F)
	Relative humidity		
	Yearly average	≤ 90 %	
	Dew formation	Possible	
Electrical data	Supply voltage	Nominal voltage (depending on variant): AC frequency: Connection:	 230 V AC (-15 % + 10 %) 115 V AC (-15 % + 10 %) 24 V AC (-15 % + 10 %) 24 V DC (-30 % + 20 %) 48 - 62 Hz 2 pin
	Protective class	II	
	Overvoltage category	П	
	Power consumption	Maximum approx. 18	3 W

Electrical connections



Fig. 8-2 Terminal strip

Connection technique	Connections	Screwless plug-in connections in the rear panel of the housing for the sensor and all other connections
	Connection cross section	0.5 2.5 mm ²
Relay	Relay contacts	Galvanically separated
(RT and RT RS option)	Max. switching voltage	250 V AC or 30 V DC
	Max. switching current	5 A (AC and DC)
	Max. switching power	150 W (resistive load)
	Relay K1 and K2	Programmable as:
		- Signaling relay for failure of supply voltage
		 Signaling relay for "frozen" outputs
		 Limit monitor
		– Timer

Switching behavior adjustable

Current outputs	Output	Galvanically separated from the sensors	
	Current range	Adjustable:	
		– 0 - 20 mA	
		– 4 - 20 mA	
	Accuracy	0.1 % of current value ± 50 μ A, load max. 600 Ω	
	Functions	 1 x analog output for measured conductivity value 	
		 1 x analog output for measured temperature value (RT and RT RS option) 	
		Attenuation adjustable	
Digital interfaces	1x RS 485 (RS option)		
EMC product and system characteristics	EN 61326	EMC requirements for electrical resources for control technology and laboratory use	
		 Interference immunity according to EN 61326/A1 Table A.1 	
		 Resources for industrial areas, intended for indispensable operation 	
		 Interference emission limits for resources of class B 	
	System lightning protection	Extended protective characteristics as opposed to EN 61326/A1 Table A.1	
	FCC, class A		
Instrument safety	Applicable norms	– EN 61010-1	

8.2 Measurement characteristics

8.2.1 Conductivity measurement

	Connectable conduc- tivity measuring cell	Two- or four-electrode measuring cells
	Display and measuring range	Adjustable (depending on the measuring cell type):
		– 0.000 1.999 μS/cm
		– 0.00 19.99 μS/cm
		– 0.0 199.9 μS/cm
		– 0 1999 μS/cm
		- 0.00 19.99 mS/cm
		- 0.0 199.9 mS/cm
		– 0 1000 mS/cm
		 Auto (automatic meas. range selection)
	Resolution	Depending on the measurement range:
		– 0.001 μS/cm 1 mS/cm
	Accuracy	0.5 % of measured value ± 1 digit
	reference	Adjustable:
	temperature	– 25 °C or 20 °C
	"Calibration"	Checking and setting the cell constant with the control standard (0.01 molar potassium chloride solution)
	Permissible range for the cell constant	0.090 1.500 cm ⁻¹
Adjustable temperature	Compensation procedure	Temperature range
compensation	Linear with adjustable temperature coeffi- cient in the range 0.50 3.00 %/K	0 60 °C (32 140 °F)
	Nonlinear	5 35 °C (41 95 °F) according to DIN EN 27888 / ISO 7888
		35 60 °C (95 140 °F) according to WTW procedure
	None	

8.2.2 Salinity measurement

Display and measuring range	0.0 70.0 Sal
Resolution	0,1 Sal
reference temperature	20 °C

8.2.3 Temperature measurement

Temperature sensor	NTC (integrated in the sensor)
Measuring range	0.0 130.0 °C (depending on the measuring cell type)
Resolution	0.1 K
Accuracy	0.2 K ± 1 digit
Adjustment method	Manual via comparative measurement of \pm 0.5 K

FCC Class A Equipment Statement

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference at his own expense. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

9 Indexes

This chapter provides additional information and orientation aids.

- List of display abbreviations (see section 9.1)
- Definition of terms (see section 9.2)
- Index (see section 9.3)

9.1 Display abbreviations

Configuration	Cod	Password
	60	Starting point of the configuration level
	Ern	Measuring mode and range
	[-	Current output 1
	6-3	Current output 2
	r80	Analog output
	End	Relay function
	'n۶	No function
	PS	Mains voltage monitoring
	۶-۲	Signaling relay with "frozen" output
	LIL.LL	Limit monitor
	CS	Cleaning system
	[-F	Relay switching behavior
	0	Normally closed (relay)
	[Normally open (relay)
Parameterization	PR	Starting point of the parameterization level
of main level	Pr (Current output 1
	P-2	Current output 2
	PL	Limit monitor
	ρ ⊮	RS 485 interface
	PC4	Password
	PE	Temperature balancing
	PEr	Reference temperature

	Р65 08- 015 РС5	Temperature compensation Variable cell constant Nonlinear function Cleaning system
Parameterization of relay	ՄԼ ԼԼ ԻՏ ԵՐ ԵՐ	Upper limit Lower limit Hysteresis Switching delay Cleaning interval Cleaning duration Adjustment duration
Parameterization of current outputs	91	Attenuation
Miscellaneous	So ESE	Software version Test mode

9.2 Glossary

The glossary briefly explains the meaning of the specialist terms. However, terms that should already be familiar to the target group are not described here.

AutoRange Name of the automatic selection of the measuring range.

- **Cell constant, k** Characteristic parameter of a conductivity measuring cell, depending on the geometry.
 - **Conductivity** Short form of the expression 'specific electrical conductivity'. It is a measured value of the ability of a substance to conduct an electric current. In water analysis, the electrical conductivity is a dimension for the ionized substances in a solution.
- **Conductometry** Name of the conductivity measuring technique.
- **Measured parameter** The measured parameter is the physical variable determined by measuring, e.g. conductivity or temperature.
 - Measured value The measured value is the special value of a measured parameter to be determined. It is given as a combination of the numerical value and unit (e.g. 3 m; 0.5 s; 5.2 A; 373.15 K).
 - **Measuring system** The measuring system comprises all the devices used for measuring, e.g. meter and sensor. In addition, there is the cable and possibly an amplifier, terminal strip and armature.

ReferenceFixed temperature value to compare temperature-dependenttemperaturemeasured values. For conductivity measurements, the measured
value is converted to a conductivity value at a reference temperature
of 20 °C or 25 °C.

- **Resolution** Smallest difference between two measured values that can be displayed by a measuring instrument.
 - **Salinity** The absolute salinity S_A of seawater corresponds to the relationship of the mass of dissolved salts to the mass of the solution (in g/kg). In practice, this dimension cannot be measured directly. Therefore, the practical salinity is used for oceanographic monitoring. It is determined by measuring the electrical conductivity.

Salt content General designation for the quantity of salt dissolved in water.

Temperature Value of the slope of a linear temperature function.

coefficient

Temperature compensation	Name of a function that considers the temperature influence on the measurement and converts it accordingly. Depending on the measured parameter to be determined, the temperature compensation functions in different ways. For conductimetric measurements, the measured value is converted to a defined reference temperature. For potentiometric measurements, the slope value is adjusted to the temperature of the test sample but the measured value is not converted.
Temperature function	Name of a mathematical function expressing the temperature behavior of a test sample, a sensor or part of a sensor.
Test sample	Designation of the test sample ready to be measured. Normally, a test sample is made by processing the original sample. The test sample and original sample are identical if the test sample was not processed.

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Wissenschaftlich-Technische Werkstätten GmbH

Dr.-Karl-Slevogt-Straße 1 D-82362 Weilheim

Germany

 Tel:
 +49 (0) 881 183-0

 +49 (0) 881 183-100

 Fax:
 +49 (0) 881 183-420

 E-Mail:
 Info@WTW.com

 Internet:
 http://www.WTW.com